OKI Semiconductor

This version: Nov. 1997
Previous version: Jul. 1996

MSC1163

40-Bit Anode Driver

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The MSC1163 is a monolithic IC using the Bi-CMOS process for hybridizing CMOS and bipolar transistors on the same chip. The logic portion such as the input stage, shift register and latch is fabricated by CMOS and the output driver requiring a high withstand voltage is fabricated by bipolar transistors.

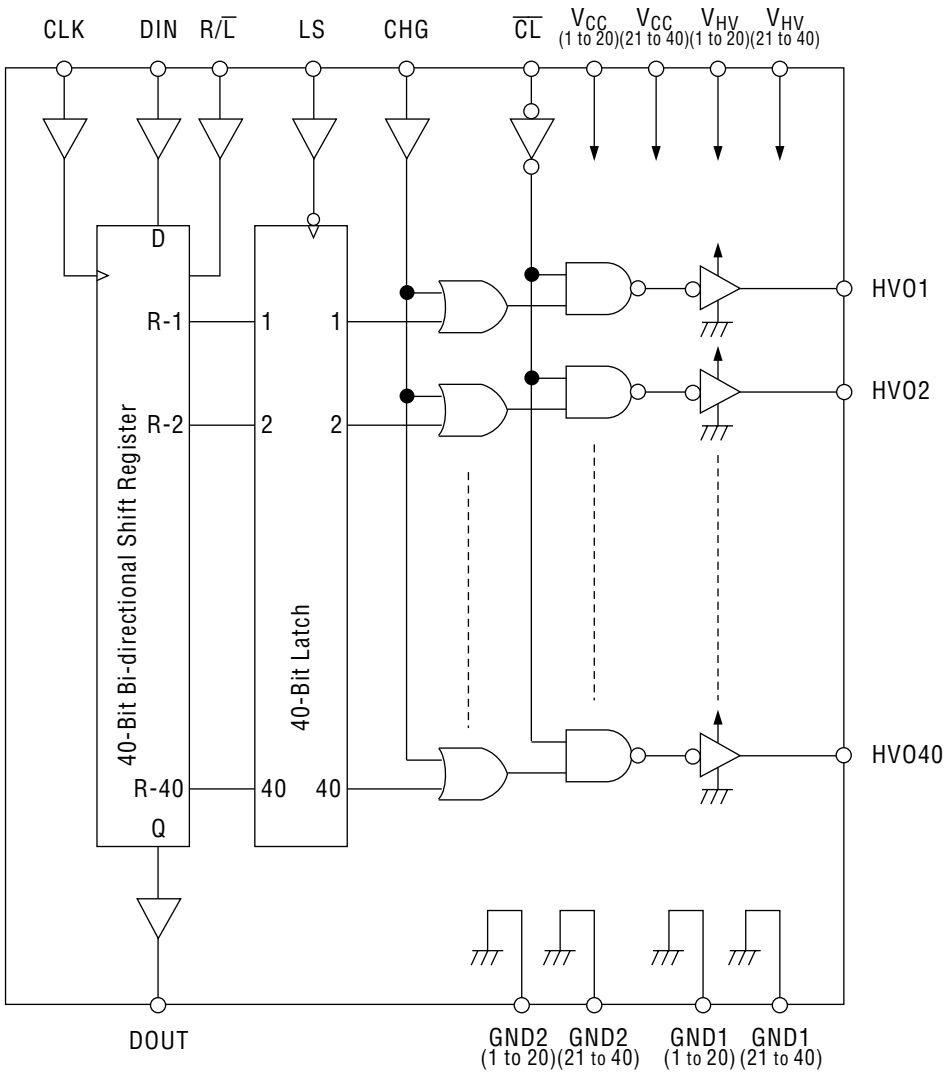
Since the 60-pin plastic SSOP package is adopted and the pin configuration allows the circuit wiring to be formed on the single side PCB, the display unit size can be reduced.
The shift register has a bidirectional configuration; therefore, it is easy to design the circuit wiring in which devices are arranged so that they are symmetric with respect to the display.

FEATURES

The MSC1163 is designed as a VFD anode driver with emitter-follower output providing 40-bit active pull-down and built-in 40-bit bidirectional shift register and latch.

- Logic Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) : 5V
- Driver Supply Voltage (V_{HV}) : 65V
- Driver Output Current
  I_{OHVH} : –2mA
  I_{OHVL} : 2mA
- Built-in 40-bit output with latch
- Built-in 40-bit bidirectional shift register
- Clock frequency: 4MHz
- Package:
  60-pin plastic SSOP (SSOP60-P-700-0.65-BK) (Product name: MSC1163GS-BK)

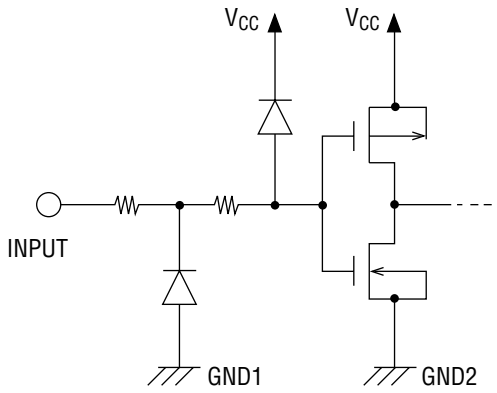
BLOCK DIAGRAM



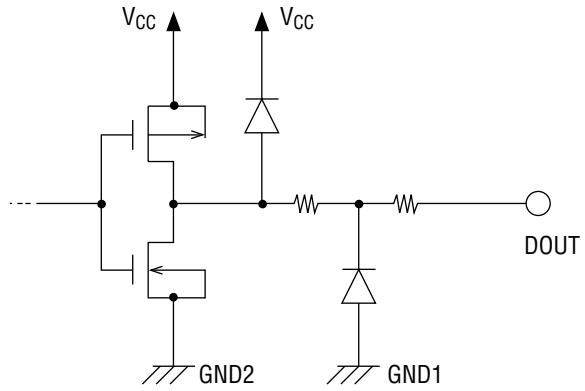
INPUT AND OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

Schematic Diagrams of Logic Portion Input and Output Circuits

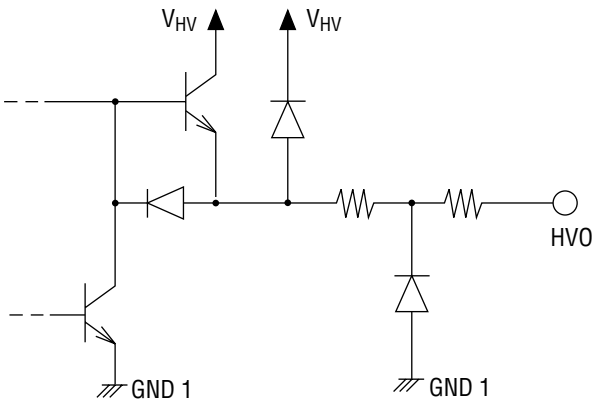
Input pin



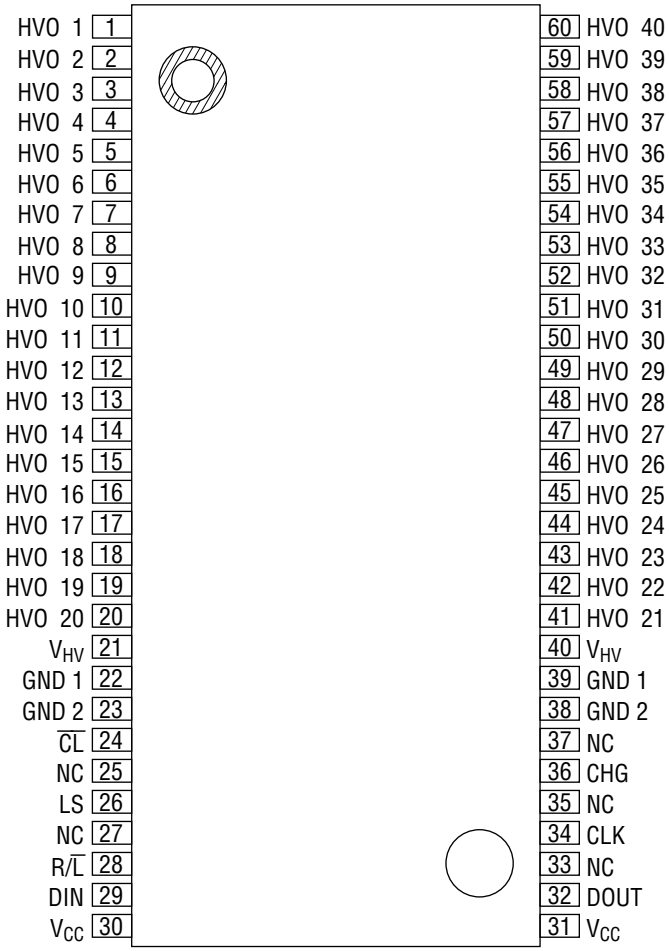
Output pin



Schematic Diagram of Driver Output Circuit



PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



NC : No-connection pin

60-Pin Plastic SSOP

PIN DESCRIPTION

Function	Pin	Symbol	Type	Description
Driver Output	1 - 20 41 - 60	HVO1 - HVO40	O	Driver output pin, applicable to each bit of shift register
Driver Power Supply	21 40	V_{HV}	—	Power supply pin for driver circuit
Driver GND	22 39	GND 1	—	GND pin for driver circuit. Connect this pin to GND2 near the mounted IC so that GND1 and GND2 will be at common level.
Logic GND	23 38	GND 2	—	GND pin for the logic circuit (excluding driver circuit) GND1 and GND2 are not connected inside of the IC.
Clear Input	24	$\overline{CL}$	I	Clear input pin with pull-up resistor. Normally "H" level. In this condition, the driver outputs "H" or "L" according to the corresponding latch output level. Setting to "L" enables the driver output to be fixed at "L" without respect to latch output.
Latch Strobe Input	26	LS	I	Latch strobe input pin with neither pull-up nor pull-down resistor. When LS is "H", the output of the shift register becomes that of the latch circuit. When LS is "L", the latch circuit holds the contents of the shift register before LS goes "L".
Shift Direction Control	28	R/$\overline{L}$	I	Shift direction control pin with a pull-up resistor. Normally "H", and in this condition, data of bidirectional shift register is shifted to the direction of R-40 from R-1. When this pin is "L", bidirectional shift register shifts data to the direction of R-1 from R-40.
Data Input	29	DIN	I	Shift register input pin with neither pull-up nor pull-down resistor. Display data is input in synchronization with clock. (Positive logic)
Logic Power Supply	30 31	V_{CC}	—	Power supply pin for logic (except driver) V_{CC} should be 4.5V to 5.5V.
Data Output	32	DOUT	O	Serial output of bidirectional pin shift register. When R/$\overline{L}$ is "H", DOUT outputs R-40's output. When R/$\overline{L}$ is "L", DOUT outputs R-1's output.
Clock Input	34	CLK	I	Clock input pin with neither pull-up nor pull-down resistor. Data of shift register is shifted from one stage to the next at the rising edge of clock.
Test Input	36	CHG	I	Test input pin with a pull-down resistor. Normally "L". If $\overline{CL}$ = "H" in this condition, the driver outputs "H" or "L" according to the corresponding latch output. If $\overline{CL}$ = "H", setting CHG to "H" enables the driver output to be fixed at "H" without respect to latch output.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit	Note
Logic Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	Applicable to logic supply voltage pin	–0.3 to +6.5	V	1
Driver Supply Voltage	V_{HV}	Applicable to driver supply voltage pin	V_{CC} to 70	V	1, 2
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	Applicable to all input pins	–0.3 to V_{CC} +0.3	V	1
Data Output Voltage	V_{OD}	Applicable to data output pin	–0.3 to V_{CC} +0.3	V	1
Driver Driving Frequency	f_{DRV}	Duty cycle 50% max	0 to 15	kHz	—
Power Dissipation	P_D	Ta ≤ 25°C	860	mW	—
Package Thermal Resistance	R_{j-a}	—	145	°C/W	3
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	—	–55 to +150	°C	—

Notes: 1) Maximum Supply Voltage with respect to GND
2) Permanent damage may be caused if the voltage is supplied over the rating.
3) Package Thermal Resistance (between junction and atmosphere)
The junction temperature (Tj) given by the equation indicated below should not exceed 150°C.
$T_j = P \times R_{j-a} + Ta$ (P: Maximum power consumption)

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Min.	Max.	Unit
Logic Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	Applicable to logic supply voltage pin		4.5	5.5	V
Driver Supply Voltage	V_{HV}	Applicable to driver supply voltage pin		10	65	V
High Level Input Voltage	V_{IH}	Applicable to all input pins	V_{CC}=4.5V	3.6	—	V
			V_{CC}=5.5V	4.4	—	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V_{IL}	Applicable to all input pins	V_{CC}=4.5V	—	0.9	V
			V_{CC}=5.5V	—	1.1	V
High Level Driver Output Current	I_{OHVH}	Applicable to all driver output pins		—	–2	mA
Low Level Driver Output Current	I_{OHVL}	Applicable to all driver output pins		—	2	mA
CLK Frequency	f_{ϕ}	See timing diagram		—	4	MHz
CLK Pulse Width	t_{WCLK}	See timing diagram		75	—	ns
Data in Setup Time	t_{DS}	See timing diagram		50	—	ns
Data in Hold Time	t_{DH}	See timing diagram		50	—	ns
LS Pulse Width	t_{WLS}	See timing diagram		80	—	ns
CLK-LS Delay Time	t_{DCL}	See timing diagram		50	—	ns
LS-CLK Delay Time	t_{DLC}	See timing diagram		0	—	ns
LS-CHG Delay Time	t_{DLCG}	See timing diagram		0	—	µs
LS-$\overline{CL}$ Delay Time	$t_{DL\overline{CL}}$	See timing diagram		0	—	µs
CHG Pulse Width	t_{WCHG}	See timing diagram		2	—	µs
$\overline{CL}$ Pulse Width	$t_{W\overline{CL}}$	See timing diagram		2	—	µs
Operating Temperature	T_{op}	—		–40	85	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC Characteristics

(V_{CC}=5V±10%, V_{HV}=10V to 65V, Ta=–40°C to +85°C)

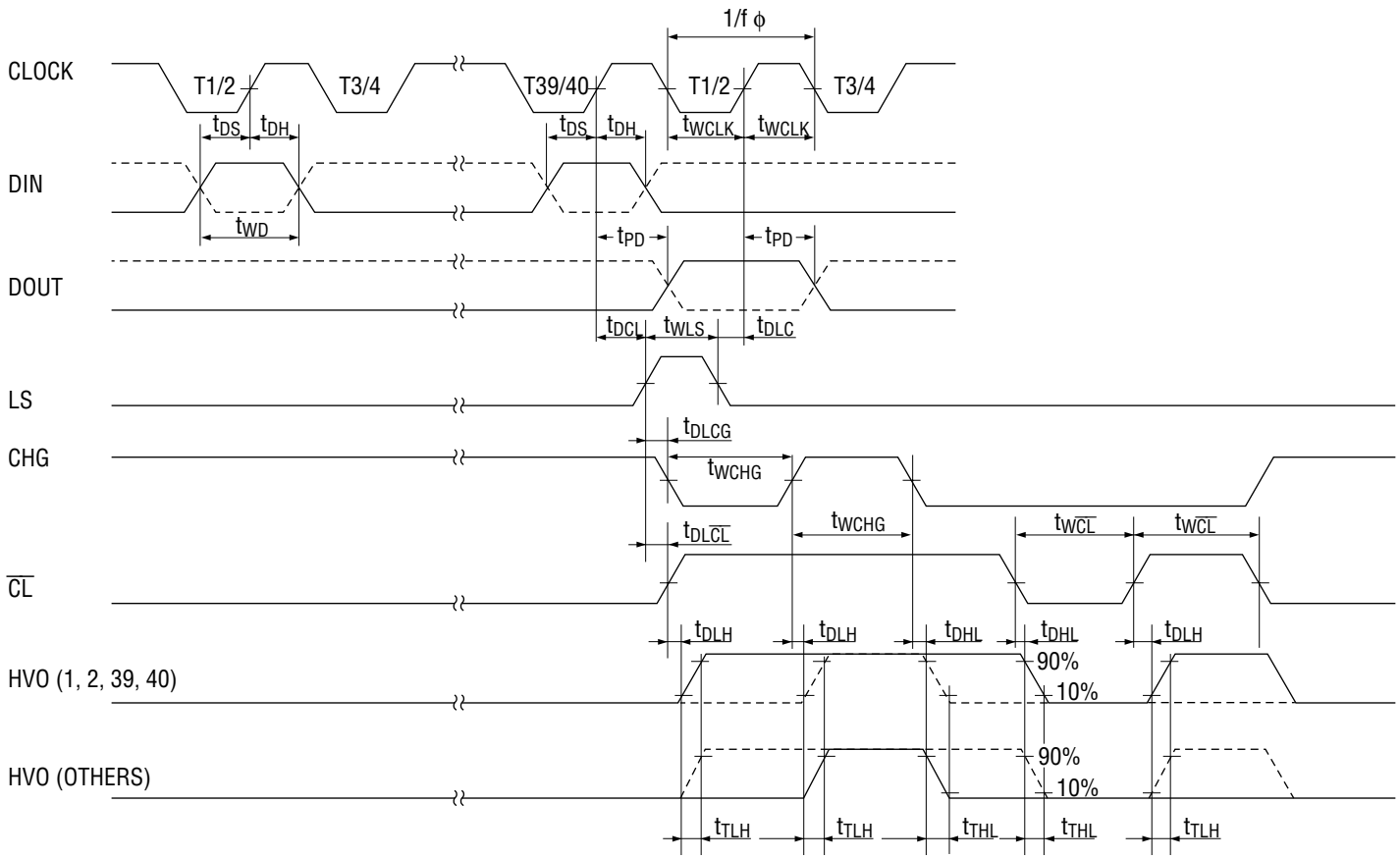
Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Logic Supply Current	I_{CC1}	No load V_{CC}=5.5V	All input: Low	—	4.3	6.65	mA
	I_{CC2}		All input: High, All driver output: High, Ta=25°C	—	0.5	1.0	
Driver Supply Current	I_{HV1}	No load V_{CC}=5.5V	All driver output: Low	—	—	1	µA
	I_{HV2}		All driver output: High, Ta=25°C	—	2.45	3.8	mA
High Level Input Voltage	V_{IH}	—	V_{CC}=4.5V	3.15	—	—	V
			V_{CC}=5.5V	3.85	—	—	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V_{IL}	—	V_{CC}=4.5V	—	—	1.35	V
			V_{CC}=5.5V	—	—	1.65	V
Input Leakage Current	I_{IN}	Ta=25°C		—	—	±1	µA
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}	Ta=25°C		—	15	—	pF
High Level Data Output Voltage	V_{ODH1}	I_O=–20µA	V_{CC}=4.5V	4.2	—	—	V
			V_{CC}=5.5V	5.2	—	—	V
Low Level Data Output Voltage	V_{ODL1}	I_O=20µA	V_{CC}=4.5V	—	—	0.2	V
			V_{CC}=5.5V	—	—	0.2	V
High Level Data Output Voltage	V_{ODH2}	I_O=–0.1mA	V_{CC}=4.5V	3.5	—	—	V
			V_{CC}=5.5V	4.5	—	—	V
Low Level Data Output Voltage	V_{ODL2}	I_O=0.1mA	V_{CC}=4.5V	—	—	1.1	V
			V_{CC}=5.5V	—	—	1.1	V
High Level Driver Output Voltage	V_{OHVH}	I_{OHV}=–2mA		V_{HV}–3	—	—	V
Low Level Driver Output Voltage	V_{OHVL}	I_{OHV}=2mA		—	—	3.0	V

AC Characteristics

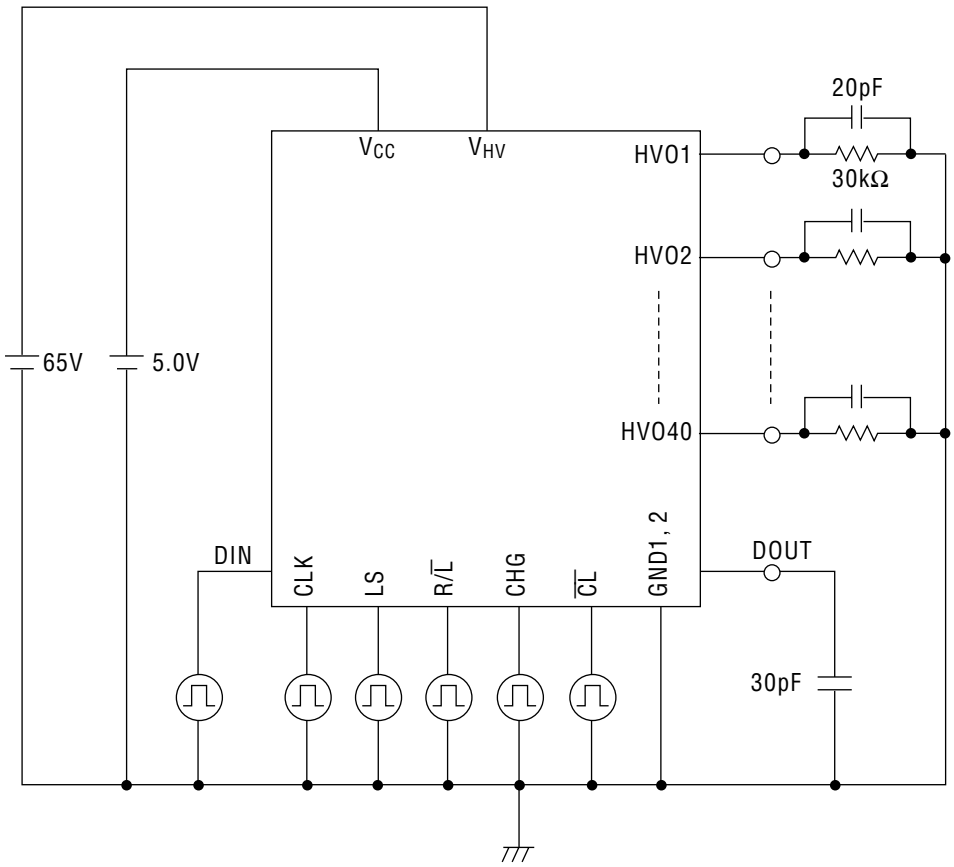
(V_{CC}=5V, V_{HV}=65V, Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
CLK-DOUT Delay Time	t_{PD}	See timing diagram and test circuit	—	100	150	ns
Delay Time Low to High	t_{DLH}	See timing diagram and test circuit	—	0.3	1	µs
Transit Time Low to High	t_{TLH}	See timing diagram and test circuit	—	3	5	µs
Delay Time High to Low	t_{DHL}	See timing diagram and test circuit	—	0.3	1	µs
Transit Time High to Low	t_{THL}	See timing diagram and test circuit	—	2	5	µs

TIMING DIAGRAM



Test circuit



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Notes on Use

1. The MSC1163GS is designed as an anode driver of VFD.
   The data applied to the data input pin is read into the shift register at the rising edge of the clock and shifted sequencially to the shift register synchronizing with the clock.
   The shift register output drives the output driver, passing through the latch and the NOR circuit.
   Setting the $\overline{CL}$ pin to "L" makes all driver outputs go into "L". This function can be used for setting display blanking.

2. The contents of the shift register are undefined after power is turned on.
   Therefore, two or more driver outputs may go into "H" at the same time after power-on.
   To avoid this, take the following procedure:
   1) Turn on the power of the logic portion while holding the $\overline{CL}$ pin to "L".
   2) Turn on the power of the driver portion.
   3) Apply a "L" level signal to the DIN pin and send clock pulses by the specified number of grids to reset ("L") the entire contents of the shift register.

Function Table

CLK	R/$\overline{L}$	DIN	R-1	R-2	R-3	R-4	••••••••	R-40	DOUT
↑	H	H	H	R1n	R2n	R3n		R39n	R39n
↑	H	L	L	R1n	R2n	R3n		R39n	R39n
↑	L	H	R2n	R3n	R4n	R5n		H	R2n
↑	L	L	R2n	R3n	R4n	R5n		L	R2n

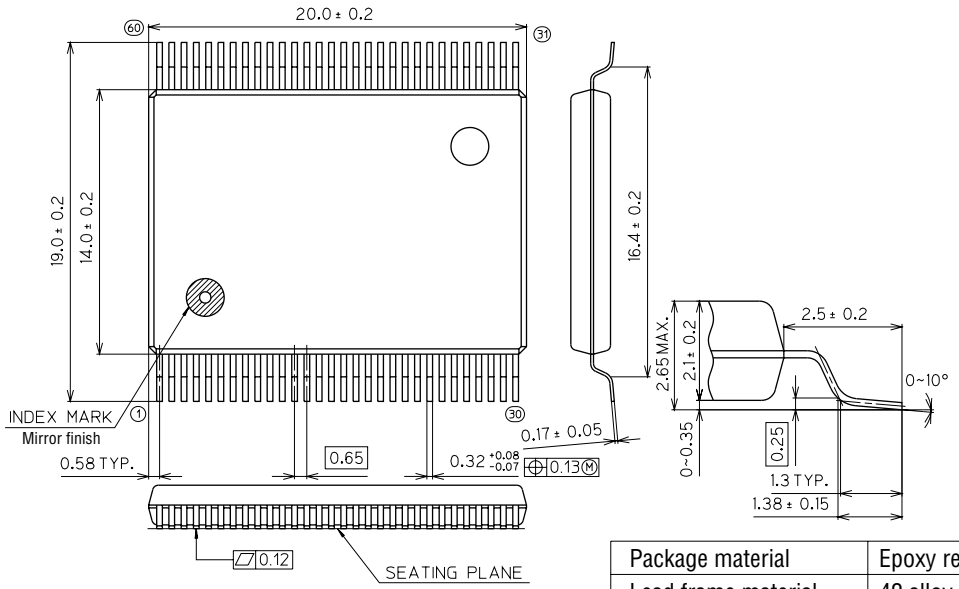
$\overline{CL}$	CHG	LS	R.X	HVO.X
L	X	X	X	L
H	H	X	X	H
H	L	H	H	H
H	L	H	L	L
H	L	L	X	NC

L : Low Level, H: High Level, X: Don't Care, NC: No Change

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

(Unit : mm)

SSOP60-P-700-0.65-BK



Package material	Epoxy resin
Lead frame material	42 alloy
Pin treatment	Solder plating
Solder plate thickness	5 µm or more
Package weight (g)	1.21 TYP.

Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package

The SOP, QFP, TSOP, SOJ, QFJ (PLCC), SHP and BGA are surface mount type packages, which are very susceptible to heat in reflow mounting and humidity absorbed in storage.
Therefore, before you perform reflow mounting, contact Oki's responsible sales person for the product name, package name, pin number, package code and desired mounting conditions (reflow method, temperature and times).