



GU (General Use) Type SOP Series [2-Channel (Form A) Type]

PhotoMOS RELAYS



1. 2 channels in super miniature de-

The device comes in a super-miniature SO package measuring (W) $4.4 \times (L) 9.37$

 \times (H) 2.1 mm (W) .173 \times (L) .369 \times (H) .083

66% of the footprint size of DIP type Pho-

inch —approx. 38% of the volume and

mm inch

(DIP) (SOP) Approx. 38% Volume Approx. 66% Footprint

2. Tape and reel

The device comes standard in a tape and reel (1,000 pcs./reel) to facilitate automatic insertion machines.

3. Controls low-level analog signals PhotoMOS relays feature extremely low closed-circuit offset voltage to enable control of low-level analog signals without distortion.

In contrast to the SSR with an off state leakage current of several milliamps, the PhotoMOS relay features a very small off state leakage current of only 100 pA even with the rated load voltage of 400 V (AQW214S)

4. Low-level off state leakage current

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Telephones
- · Measuring instruments
- Computer
- Industrial robots
- High-speed inspection machines.

TYPES

toMOS Relays.

sign

FEATURES

Туре	Output rating*		Part	Packing quantity in tape		
	Load voltage	Load current	Picked from the 1/2/3/4-pin side	Picked from the 5/6/7/8-pin side	and reel	
AC/DC	350 V	100 mA	AQW210SX	AQW210SZ	1 000 non	
	400 V	80 mA	AQW214SX	AQW214SZ	1,000 pcs.	

^{*}Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Notes: (1) Tape package is the standard packing style. Also available in tube. (Part No. suffix "X" or "Z" is not needed when ordering; Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.)

(2) For space reasons, the package type indicator "X" and "Z" are omitted from the seal.

RATING

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

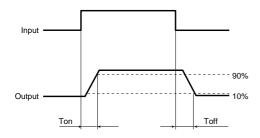
	Item	Symbol	AQW210S	AQW214S	Remarks
	LED forward current	lF	50 mA	50 mA	
lam. d	LED reverse voltage	VR	3 V	3 V	
Input	Peak forward current	IFP	1 A	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	Pin	75 mW	75 mW	
	Load voltage (peak AC)	VL	350 V	400 V	
Outenant	Continuous load current	ΙL	0.1 A (0.13 A)	0.08 A (0.1 A)	(): in case of using only 1 channel
Output	Peak load current	Ipeak	0.3 A	0.24 A	A connection: 100 ms (1 shot), V _L = DC
	Power dissipation	Pout	600 mW	600 mW	
Total power dissipation		P⊤	650 mW	650 mW	
I/O isolation voltage		Viso	1,500 V AC	1,500 V AC	
Tanananat wa limita	Operating	Topr	-40°C to +85°C	–40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures
Temperature limits	Storage	Tstg	-40°C to +100°C	-40°F to +212°F	

2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item				AQW210S	AQW214S	Remarks
	LED anarata aurrent	Typical		0.9 mA		I∟ = Max.
Input	LED operate current	Maximum	Fon	3 mA		
	LED turn off current	Minimum	1	0.4 mA		I∟ = Max.
	LED turn on current	Typical		0.8 mA		
	LED dropout voltage	Typical	VF	1.14 V (1.25 V at I _F = 50 mA)		I _F = 5 mA
	LED dropout voltage	Maximum	VF	1.5 V		
		Typical		16 Ω	30 Ω	IF = 5 mA IL = Max. Within 1 s on time
Output	On resistance	Maximum	Ron	35 Ω	50 Ω	
·	Off state leakage current	Maximum	lleak	1 μΑ		I _F = 0 V _L = Max.
	Turn on time*	Typical	Ton	0.23 ms	0.21 ms	I _F = 5 mA
	rum on time	Maximum	Ion	0.5 ms		I∟ = Max.
	Turn off time*	Typical	Toff	0.04 ms		I _F = 5 mA I _L = Max.
Transfer characteristics	Turn on time	Maximum	I off	0.2 ms		
	L/O conscitones	Typical	C.	0.8 pF		f = 1 MHz V _B = 0
	I/O capacitance	Maximum	Ciso	1.5 pF		
	Initial I/O isolation resistance	Minimum	Riso	1,000 ΜΩ		500 V DC

Note: Recommendable LED forward current $I_F = 5$ mA.

*Turn on/ Turn off time

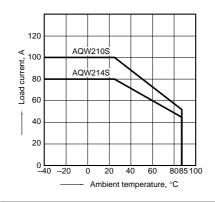


- **■** For Dimensions, see Page 441.
- For Schematic and Wiring Diagrams, see Page 445.
- **■** For Cautions for Use, see Page 449.

REFERENCE DATA

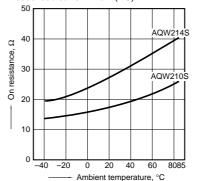
1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F



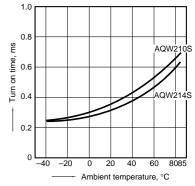
2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



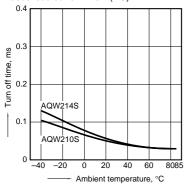
3. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



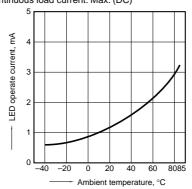
4. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



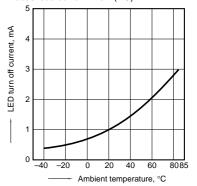
5. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Sample: All types; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



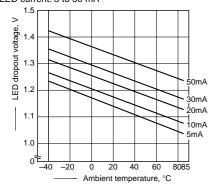
6. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Sample: All types; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



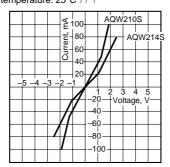
7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Sample: All types; LED current: 5 to 50 mA



8. Voltage vs. current characteristics of output at MOS portion

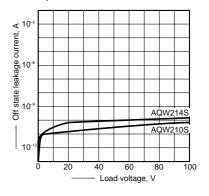
Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: $25^{\circ}C$ $77^{\circ}F$



9. Off state leakage current

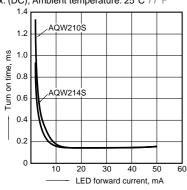
Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8;

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



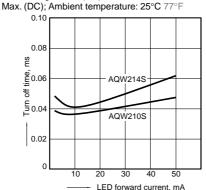
10. LED forward current vs. turn on time characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current: Max. (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77° F



11. LED forward current vs. turn off time characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: Max. (DC); Continuous load current:



12. Applied voltage vs. output capacitance characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Frequency: 1 MHz;

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

